

Thank you for volunteering to serve as a judge for the National History Day® (NHD) contest. Our young historians have labored for months preparing their entries and are eager to share their historical research and conclusions.

THE NHD FRAMEWORK AND STUDENT JOURNEY

NHD asks students to select a topic connected to an annual theme. Students research their topic using primary and secondary sources, analyze its significance in history, and share their conclusions through one of five project formats. Students may work alone or in groups of up to five. Students may enter their work into a progressive competition cycle, moving from school to regional, affiliate, and national contests. As students advance, they can revise and improve their work based on judges' feedback.

PURPOSE OF JUDGING

NHD's goal is to provide young people with a high-quality educational experience—whether or not they win a prize. Your role is to help us achieve this goal through your interactions with the students. Together we succeed or fail based on the quality of the learning experience.

THE JUDGING PROCESS OVERVIEW

Every NHD contest is managed by a **Contest Coordinator** who is responsible for implementing NHD contest procedures. Always defer to your Contest Coordinator's guidance. As a judge, your responsibilities include:

1. Reviewing all materials sent to you in advance of the contest.
2. Participating in judges' orientation(s).
3. Reviewing several entries and completing required evaluation forms.
4. Reaching consensus and finalizing winners with other members of your judging team.



GREET (*In-person contests only*)

Greet the students and **briefly explain** the judging process. A smile goes a long way to set them at ease!

Note: To ensure student safety, NHD does not hold interviews at virtual contests.



READ

Review the **process paper** and **annotated bibliography**. **Keep one copy** for your judging team to refer back to during your deliberations.



VIEW

Students will play their **documentary** when you signal that you are ready.



INTERVIEW (*In-person contests only*)

Ask the students **questions about their project, research, or topic**. This is a chance for students to share their understanding, though it is not to be an oral presentation. The interview does not weigh heavily in your evaluation.

Do not offer suggestions for improvement during the interview. Take notes to include in your written feedback, which students receive after the contest.



EVALUATE AND RANK

Return to the judging room to **discuss** entries, **evaluate** using the rubric, **achieve consensus**, **rank** entries, and **select top entries** to move forward.



WRITE

You and your team members each will **complete an evaluation form for each entry**. Your written feedback is the most valuable for student learning. Checkmark placement does not need to be identical, but should be similar to those of your co-judges.

PARTS OF AN ENTRY

All student entries contain three required parts. See the Required Written Materials on Page 7 for more information about process papers and bibliographies.

- **Process Paper:** A 500-word description of the research process.
- **Annotated Bibliography:** An annotated list of all sources consulted.
- **Project:** Projects are divided by division (Junior, 6-8 grade, or Senior, 9-12 grade), type (Individual or Group, 2- 5 students), and category (Documentary, Exhibit, Paper, Performance, or Website)

DOCUMENTARY BASICS

A documentary is an audiovisual presentation that uses multiple source types such as images, video, and sound to communicate the student's historical argument, research, and interpretation of the topic's significance in history. It must be an original production.



- **Ten minutes maximum:** From the first words or images on screen to the end of the credits, the documentary can be no longer than ten minutes. There is no minimum time for a documentary.
- **Includes brief credits at end:** Brief credits of major sources of information, not the full bibliography, must appear at the end. It's okay if they go by quickly.
- **Optionals:** While not required, a documentary may include background music, be separated into sections with titles, or include interviews. Primary source interviews are preferred.

STUDENT INTERVIEWS (*In-person contests only*)

The interview is **your opportunity to clarify your understanding** of the content and development of an entry while enabling students to gain valuable communication skills. Students may not give a formal, prepared introduction, narrative, or conclusion. Your team must guide the interview. Ultimately though, an entry must be able to stand on its own without additional commentary and is not evaluated, unless you learn something critical about the students' understanding of their topic.

Student Safety: To ensure student safety, do not ask personal questions (school, age, etc.), take photos of students, or be alone in a room with a **student**.

ENTRY EVALUATION

You will use a two-page rubric-based form to assess each entry. Whether your Contest Coordinator asks you to complete it online or in-person, **the same form is used at all levels of National History Day competitions**. Please do not devise your own system or assign points to determine top entries.

CLARITY OF PRESENTATION (5%)					
	EXEMPLAR	PROFICIENT	DEVELOPING	HONOR	NOT EVIDENT
AUDIO AND VIDEOS	<input type="checkbox"/> Audio is consistently appropriate and fully supports the project. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are clearly and appropriately presented and support the narration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Audio is mostly appropriate and fully supports the project. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are somewhat appropriate and support the narration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Audio is somewhat appropriate and fully supports the project. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are somewhat appropriate and support the narration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Audio is appropriate in length of duration. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are appropriate in length of duration.	<input type="checkbox"/>
TECHNICAL	<input type="checkbox"/> Narration is clearly and grammatically appropriate. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are clearly and appropriately presented and support the narration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Narration is clearly and grammatically appropriate. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are clearly and appropriately presented and support the narration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Narration is somewhat clear and appropriate. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are somewhat clear and appropriate.	<input type="checkbox"/> Narration is somewhat clear and appropriate. <input type="checkbox"/> Visuals are somewhat clear and appropriate.	<input type="checkbox"/>
STUDENT INVOLVEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> Student involvement is balanced but clearly apparent throughout the project.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Time is 10 minutes.
Entry is a student produced entry.
Entry includes source credits.
Process Paper is submitted.
Process Paper word count is Annexed.
Annotated Bibliography is submitted.
Annotations do not exceed the word limit.

NHD DOCUMENTARY					
	EXEMPLAR	PROFICIENT	DEVELOPING	HONOR	NOT EVIDENT
HISTORICAL ARGUMENT (5% OF TOTAL POINTS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical argument is consistently supported by relevant evidence and analysis. <input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources directly support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical argument is mostly supported by relevant evidence and analysis. <input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources mostly support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical argument is somewhat supported by relevant evidence and analysis. <input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources somewhat support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical argument is supported by minimal relevant evidence and analysis. <input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources are not present or not relevant to the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/>
THEME	<input type="checkbox"/> A central theme is consistently clear and communicated throughout the project and analysis.	<input type="checkbox"/> A central theme is somewhat clear and communicated throughout the project and analysis.	<input type="checkbox"/> A central theme is present but not clearly communicated throughout the project and analysis.	<input type="checkbox"/> A central theme has minimal clarity or is not clearly communicated throughout the project and analysis.	<input type="checkbox"/>
RESEARCH	<input type="checkbox"/> Bibliography includes an extensive variety of primary and secondary sources.	<input type="checkbox"/> Bibliography includes a sufficient variety of primary and secondary sources.	<input type="checkbox"/> Bibliography includes a moderate variety of primary and secondary sources.	<input type="checkbox"/> Bibliography includes a limited variety of primary and secondary sources.	<input type="checkbox"/>
PRIMARY SOURCES	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources consistently support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources mostly support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources somewhat support the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary sources are present but are not relevant to the historical argument.	<input type="checkbox"/>
HISTORICAL CONTEXT	<input type="checkbox"/> Relevant context is consistently connected to the topic of time and place, and is clearly explained and analyzed.	<input type="checkbox"/> Relevant context is connected to the topic of time and place, and is somewhat connected and analyzed.	<input type="checkbox"/> Relevant context is present but not clearly connected to the topic of time and place.	<input type="checkbox"/> Relevant context is not clearly connected to the topic of time and place or is not relevant.	<input type="checkbox"/>
MULTIPLE PERSPECTIVES	<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple perspectives are consistently included and analyzed throughout the project.	<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple perspectives are included and analyzed throughout the project.	<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple perspectives are present but not consistently included or analyzed.	<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple perspectives are not included or analyzed.	<input type="checkbox"/>
HISTORICAL ACCURACY	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical information is consistently accurate, and there are few or no omissions.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical information is somewhat accurate, and there are some omissions.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical information is somewhat accurate, and there are many omissions.	<input type="checkbox"/> Historical information is not accurate, and there are many omissions.	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCHOLARSHIP AND INDEPENDENCE	<input type="checkbox"/> The impact of the topic is consistently analyzed throughout the conclusion.	<input type="checkbox"/> The impact of the topic is mostly analyzed throughout the conclusion.	<input type="checkbox"/> The impact of the topic is somewhat analyzed throughout the conclusion.	<input type="checkbox"/> The impact of the topic is not mentioned.	<input type="checkbox"/>

STRENGTHS & AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT:

OVER

PARTS OF THE EVALUATION FORM

Levels of Achievement (Column headers) - These are used to label columns, not used to evaluate an entry!

Judging Criteria (Left column) - These are the elements you will evaluate in each project.

Descriptors (Text in boxes across each row) - These identify the key characteristics you will look for in each criterion.

Written Comments (Bottom of both sides of the printed form) - This is space to provide strengths and areas for improvement for each entry.

Rules Compliance (Yes/No questions on the second page) - These are category-specific requirements for projects.

HISTORICAL QUALITY: 80%

Historical Quality assesses the project's research, analysis, interpretation of the topic, and relationship to the annual theme. There are eight criteria, each carrying equal weight, and **are the same for all categories**. These terms are defined in the [NHD Judge Glossary](#).

- **Historical Argument:** The use of analysis and evidence to support the historical argument
- **Theme:** The clarity and connection of the topic to the theme in the project
- **Wide Research:** The use of a variety of types of primary and secondary sources
- **Primary Sources:** The support that primary sources give the argument. They may include, but are not limited to first-hand accounts of the topic such as letters, speeches, diaries, contemporary newspaper articles, oral history interviews, documents, photographs, and artifacts.
- **Historical Context:** The relevant connections the student makes to the topic's time and place
- **Multiple Perspectives:** The integration of different perspectives into the project
- **Historical Accuracy:** The accuracy, credibility and lack of critical omissions in historical information
- **Significance in History:** The analysis of the impact of the topic in history

DOCUMENTARY CLARITY OF PRESENTATION: 20%

This area of the evaluation relates to how well the student used the project to convey their ideas. Be careful—do not be carried away by glitz. Simpler is often better. Conversely, do not discount an entry or assume students had outside assistance simply because a project is of high production quality.



- **Audio and Visuals:** Audio is appropriate and easy to understand. Visuals are appropriate and support the narrative.
- **Technical:** Narration is free of mechanical or grammatical errors. Volume is even.
- **Student Voice:** The student's ideas are clear and balanced with supporting evidence, such as quoted material from primary or secondary sources.

HOW TO USE THE RUBRIC

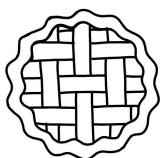
For each criterion (e.g., historical accuracy, theme, etc.), compare the same elements across the levels of achievement. The key words in the descriptors (**consistently, mostly, somewhat, and limited/minimal**) indicate the strength of those elements in the project. Together, the descriptors create a spectrum, from consistently to not evident. Pick the statement that best represents the project's strength in each criterion.

A project's rating for a criterion is determined entirely by the strength of the project against the rubric, not against any other projects. ***Do not adjust a rating for a project based on the other entries you view.*** Ranking is a separate process.

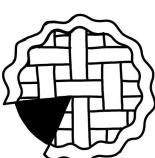
- **All checkmarks do not need to be in the same column for the whole rubric** (e.g., all exemplary, or all proficient). They will likely vary across different criteria.
- **The checkmarks should be consistent, though not necessarily identical, across the judge team.** Please ensure consistency during your team discussions. Inconsistency will be confusing to students.

WHICH DESCRIPTOR ON THE FORM IS MOST APPROPRIATE?

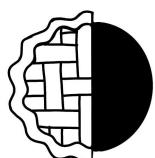
Selecting the right descriptor is not about picking an exact match. **Pick the descriptor that is most true** and use your written comments to provide additional explanation. Think about it like pie. Within a single criterion, you are not comparing different things. Your question is not, "is this cherry or apple pie?"



Consistently



Mostly



Somewhat



Minimal/
Limited

You are comparing the same thing and trying to determine how much of it is in the project. The descriptors provide a progressive range of options.

For a given criterion, you know that it's apple pie. Your question is, "**How much apple pie is in the pan?**"

EXAMPLE: THEME CRITERION

For the annual theme criterion, you will consider the theme connection's **clarity** (how well-presented the theme connection is) and **strength** (how well-connected the topic is to the theme).

	EXEMPLARY	PROFICIENT	DEVELOPING	NOVICE	N/E
Theme	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual theme is consistently clear and connected to the topic in the project and argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual theme is mostly clear and connected to the topic in the project and argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual theme is somewhat clear and connected to the topic in the project and argument.	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual theme has minimal clarity and the connection to the topic in the project and argument is unclear.	<input type="checkbox"/>

The theme connection is completely clear and well connected to the topic in the project and argument.

There is a theme connection, but there are one or more major problems with the connection or the way it's presented.

Not evident

Not evident

RANKING ENTRIES & SELECTING TOP ENTRIES

Evaluating each project against the rubric and ranking all the entries you view are two different, yet related, parts of judging.

- **Evaluating each entry** is based solely on the strength of the specific project against the criteria.
- **Ranking the entries** is done by conferring with your judging team to compare and contrast the entries. The entries that advance should generally have higher ratings than those that do not. Your Contest Coordinator will let you know how many top entries your team will select and the process for turning in your results.

Determining the strongest projects can be more difficult when ratings are similar. When this happens:

- Remember that Historical Quality is 80% of the evaluation. Which entry is strongest in these criteria?
- Aside from the rubric, which entries do you feel are strongest and why? Does the rubric support this?

WRITING FEEDBACK

Both pages of the evaluation form provide space for comments, including about strengths and areas for improvement. Please write positive, constructive comments that will help the student(s) understand why you evaluated the entry as you did. Always be mindful that you are writing to young learners. Your feedback will help them to improve not just this project but their approach to research and presentation for a lifetime.

The key to History Day judging is to provide positive, but critical, evaluations of each entry. Constructive commentary is valuable for:

- Students who are advancing, who want to know how they can improve their work
- Students who are NOT advancing, who want to understand why

Instead of...	Consider...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Find more primary sources. • Needs stronger argument. • Project lacks focus. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Providing specific ideas. Try finding more primary sources - such as newspapers from the time period, or accounts from survivors. • Giving specific suggestions. Strengthen your argument by going beyond just stating the facts - how did the bombing of Pearl Harbor change military history? • Thinking about the age of your audience. Your topic covers a lot of time in history. Consider focusing on one event in WWII, instead of the entire war. You could dig deeper and make a more specific argument about impact in history.

CONTEST RULES

Students and teachers must follow the *NHD Contest Rule Book*, June 22, 2020 Edition. The rule book breaks down the judging criteria described above and provides parameters to enable an apples-to-apples comparison for evaluation. While you are welcome to read the rule book (<http://www.nhd.org/rulebook>), the following instructions contain the essential information you need. In this section, black text is based on what students find in the rule book; suggestions to you in applying the rules are in red.

RULE INFRACTIONS

Rule infractions occur if students violate any of the rules stated in the Contest Rule Book. Failure to comply with the rules will count against the entry. Rule infractions are not grounds for disqualification, except as noted below in the Disqualification section. However, judges will consider rule infractions in their final rankings. **Infractions specific to the category are explained later under Category Rules. Not all rule violations are treated the same:**

Minor rule infractions are those that do not confer a competitive advantage. Examples include putting the school name on the title page; exceeding time, word, or size limits by a small, inconsequential amount; or using inconsistent citation formats. Please mark these as violations on the evaluation form and note them as Areas for Improvement. However, treat them with some leniency. While one or two minor infractions should not keep an entry that is the best in its category from advancing to the next contest level, part of your task is to comment upon these so that students can address them. At all levels, if two entries are otherwise equal in quality, the entry with fewer violations should be ranked higher.

Major rule infractions are those that give a substantial advantage over other entries. Examples include significantly and consequentially exceeding time, word, or size limits, or having someone else operating equipment or designing part of the entry. Major infractions should result in lower rankings, and those entries should not advance to a final round or the next contest level. If your judging team feels that an entry with major infractions should advance, please consult your Contest Coordinator.

DISQUALIFICATION

Disqualification is the removal of an entry from the competition. Only the Contest Coordinator has the authority to disqualify an entry. A project may be disqualified for the following reasons related to academic integrity:

1. Entering a project in multiple contests or entry categories within a contest year.
2. Reusing, individually or as a group, a project (or research from a project) from a previous year.
3. Plagiarizing (stealing and passing off another's ideas, words, or production as one's own; not crediting a source).
4. Tampering with or removing any part of another entry during a competition.

These reasons are the only grounds for disqualification.

If you feel an entry has a reason to be disqualified, please contact the Contest Coordinator.

GENERAL RULES

Contest Year: NHD projects must be completed during the contest year, which begins immediately after the preceding year's National Contest has concluded.

Entry: Students may participate in the research, preparation, and presentation of only one entry each year. Revising or reusing an entry from a previous year—whether a student's own or another student's—is unacceptable and will result in disqualification.

Individual or Group Entries: Students in the documentary category may participate as individuals or in a group of two to five students. All students in group entries must be involved in the research and interpretation of the group's topic.

Annual Theme: An entry must relate to the annual theme and explain the topic's significance in history.

- While entries must relate to the annual theme, students often do not need to address every aspect of the theme. For the theme *Rights and Responsibilities*, students could examine rights OR responsibilities; they do not have to include both, though one often leads to the other.
- Consider whether a topic is only tangentially or questionably related to the theme. "Pickett's Migration at the Battle of Gettysburg" for the theme *Migration in History* is quite a stretch.

English and Translations: All entries must be submitted in English unless otherwise approved by the Contest Coordinator. If students use other languages, they must provide English translations. For word count, judges will count only the English translation.

Copyright: The Fair Use doctrine allows for educational use of copyrighted materials for noncommercial purposes. Students are advised not to place their projects in a nonacademic public setting, such as a commercial internet site.

Reasonable Help: Students are responsible for the research, design, and creation of their entry. They may receive help and advice from teachers and parents on the mechanical aspects of creating their entry, such as typing a paper and other written material. They may seek guidance from teachers as they research and analyze their material, but their conclusions must be their own. Students may have reasonable help in preparing their projects. Examples of reasonable help include:

- A teacher provides guidance about research and analysis.
 - A technology instructor shows students how to use documentary editing software.
 - A teacher reviews student work and offers editing suggestions.
 - A parent carries equipment into the contest space.
 - A trusted adult is copied on communication with interviewees and accompanies the student to an interview.
- Always ask the student(s) or Contest Coordinator if you are concerned about whether adult assistance has exceeded acceptable levels and given an unfair advantage, using open-ended questions such as, "How did you create your project?"

Supplying Equipment: Students must supply all props and equipment that a Contest Coordinator does not provide.

Costumes: Only students competing in the performance category may wear costumes related to their entry during judging.

Prohibited Materials: The following items are not allowed in any competition venue: (1) weapons of any kind (real, toys, or replicas), (2) live animals (except service animals), (3) live cultures or organisms, and (4) anything that can cause damage to the competition venue.

Interview with Judges: Students must be prepared to answer judges' questions about the content and development of their entry. They may not give a formal, prepared introduction, narrative, or conclusion during the interview. Judges must guide the interview, and the entry must be able to stand on its own without additional commentary.

REQUIRED WRITTEN MATERIAL FOR ALL ENTRIES

Formatting of Written Materials: All NHD entries must include written materials presented in the following order: (1) title page, (2) process paper, and (3) annotated bibliography. Students must print written materials on plain white 8.5 x 11-inch paper, with 1-inch margins on all sides, in 12-point font. A4 paper is accepted from international affiliates. Written materials may be single- or double-sided and must be stapled in the top left corner.

Local contests may have unique submission requirements, but written materials are generally provided to judges in print form in the exhibit, documentary, performance, and paper categories. In the website category, students upload their written materials within the site. **Your Contest Coordinator will let you know how you will access student materials.**

Title: The entry must have a clearly visible title on the title page and the project itself.

Title Page: A title page is required as the first page of written material in every category. The title page must include only the title of the entry, the name(s) of the student(s), the contest division and category, and applicable word counts.

Process Paper: All NHD projects must include a process paper. The process paper must be 500 words or fewer and must not include quotes, images, or captions. The process paper words are counted separately and are not part of the project word counts in papers, exhibits, or websites. Students must address the following questions in their process paper:

1. How did they choose their topic and how does it relate to the annual theme?
 2. How did they conduct their research?
 3. How did they create their project?
 4. What is their historical argument?
 5. In what ways is their topic significant in history?
- The process paper should not be a summary of the students' research.
 - Students do not have to subdivide their process paper into labeled sections for each question.
 - All words in the process paper count toward the 500-word limit.

Annotated Bibliography: An annotated bibliography is required for all categories. Students must:

1. List all sources consulted in developing the entry.
2. Combine photos or other materials from the same collection into a single citation.
3. Separate the bibliography into two sections: one for primary sources and one for secondary sources.
4. Not attach primary or secondary materials to the annotated bibliography.
5. Not include the annotated bibliography in the word count.

Each citation must include a brief annotation. The purpose of the annotation is to provide information about the research process. Annotations must not be more than two or three sentences that explain how the student used the source and how it helped them understand the topic. Students may use annotations to explain their reasoning for classifying sources that are not clearly primary or secondary.

- If you have questions about how a source is categorized, ask the students or Contest Coordinator.
- A stray comma or a single misplaced source in an otherwise strong bibliography is a minor concern. However, for students who misunderstand bibliography fundamentals or make the same mistake routinely, your feedback is instructive. If bibliographical errors make it difficult to assess the quality of the research, they may affect the entry's ranking or evaluation.
- Words in the title page and annotated bibliography are not included in the word count.

Style Guides: Citations and bibliography references must follow the most recent edition of one of the two permitted style guides below. The style must be consistent throughout all written material.

1. *The Chicago Manual of Style* by the University of Chicago Press
2. *MLA Handbook* by the Modern Languages Association of America

CATEGORY RULES: DOCUMENTARIES



Documentary Elements: A documentary is an audiovisual presentation that uses multiple source types such as images, video, and sound to communicate the student's historical argument, research, and interpretation of the topic's significance in history. It must be an original production.

Time Requirements: Documentaries may not exceed ten minutes in length. Timing begins when the first visual image appears, or the first sound is heard, whichever occurs first. Timing does not include time used to test sound or video. Timing ends when the last visual image or sound concludes, including source credits. Students have up to five minutes to prepare the documentary for presentation, adjust volume, etc. Following the documentary presentation, students have five minutes to remove their equipment and participate in an interview with judges.

- If a documentary exceeds ten minutes by a few seconds and does not confer a competitive advantage by providing an opportunity to include additional information or interpretation, consider it a **minor rule infraction** and note it on the evaluation form.
- If a documentary exceeds ten minutes, allowing enough extra time to include additional information or interpretation, consider it a **major rule infraction**. Major infractions should result in lower rankings, and those entries should not advance to a final round or the next contest level.

Introduction: Students must announce only the title of their presentation and the names of participants. Live narration or additional comments before or during the presentation are prohibited.

Student Involvement and Operation: Students must provide, open, and run the file containing the documentary. Once the documentary begins, it must run on its own. No interaction of any kind with judges or the audience is allowed. Judges are not permitted to run the equipment. NOTE: Students may be given reasonable assistance with technical problems beyond their control.

Entry Production: Students must create and produce the entry. They must operate all equipment, including recording and editing equipment, used in production of the documentary. Only the student participant(s) may write and narrate the documentary script. Only the student(s) and the person(s) being interviewed may appear in the documentary. Using materials created by others specifically for use in the documentary is prohibited. Students may use preexisting professional photographs, film, recorded music, etc., in the documentary, with source credit.

- While students may have assistance in learning how to operate editing equipment and software, they must operate the equipment/software themselves. Failure to do so constitutes a **major rule infraction** and should result in a lower ranking and non-advancement to the next level.
- Any items created specifically for the entry must be the students' work.

Source Credits: The last portion of the documentary must be a list of acknowledgments and credits for sources of moving footage, interviews, music, and images that appear in the documentary. These source credits must be brief—not full bibliographic citations and not annotated. Items found in the same collection must be included together in one credit. The list of source credits is included in the ten-minute time limit. They must be readable. Students must cite in the annotated bibliography all sources (e.g., music, images, film/media clips, interviews, books, websites, etc.) used to make the documentary.